1 Identification Of Proposed Change

1.1 Title:

Kill Data And Kill Subscripts of glvns

1.2 MDC Proposer and Sponsor

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1.3 Motion

Recommend this document for elevation to MDC Type A.

1.4 History

June, 1994	X11/SC13	Response to Motion#1: Mr. Stenn's document is not available to author, nor was it used as input. No further action taken.
		Response to Motion#2: Document reference numbers are not known to author and hence cannot be complied with.
February, 1994	X11/SC13	Motion#1: Include reference in Section 6 to document by Harlan Stenn passed by voice vote.
		Motion#2: Include document references and numbers in History section passed by voice vote.
		Editorial changes only.
October, 1993	X11/SC13	Proposed for elevation to SC Type A Passed 14:2:1.

Restored original KILL command (was inadvertantly deleted).

Limited the naming of the kill subscripts/value commands to a single name for each.

Clarified that exclusive KILL is limited to unsubscripted locals (wording used in MDC standard did not make this clarification, only the BNF did).

Clarified that the argumentless KILL (kill all) is limited to locals). The MDC standard did not make

this clarification!!

added formalization section.

Passed as SC13 Type B.

No vote. Document ruled to be in improper format. Formalization section required for Type B proposals.

Passed (2-0-0): Recommend elevation to SC Type B. X11/SC13/TG11

This is the initial proposal. October, 1992 X11/SC13/TG11

X11/SC13

1.5 Dependencies

None.

2 Justification of Proposed Change

2.1 Needs

June, 1993

March, 1993

The MUMPS Language does not allow deleting of a glvn's descendents using a simple (single) command. Additionally, MUMPS does not support deleting the value of a node without affecting the sub-nodes (descendents).

2.2 Existing Practice in Area of the Proposed Change

To delete sub-nodes of a glvn requires a MUMPS program which uses \$ORDER to traverse the next level of sub-nodes and KILL them individually.

To delete the current value of a node requires a MUMPS program to use \$ORDER to traverse the next level of sub-nodes and MERGE them into a temporary glvn. The the entire node of the original glvn must be KILLed and then MERGEd back from the temporary. The final step is to KILL the temporary glvn.

Clearly, neither of the above solutions are desirable. Certainly a LOCK is required in the case of a global (although it is not even clear that it is possible to use a LOCK if other parts of the application are not cooperatively using this specific LOCK).

3 Description of Proposed Change

3.1 General Description of the Proposed Change

Define two new commands, KVALUE (abbreviated KV) and KSUBSCRIPTS (abbreviated KS). The KV command kills the value portion of the glvn without affecting its subscripts (if any). Thus the \$DATA value of the glvn changes so that it ends in a zero (a 10 if it was 11 or 0 if it was 1). The KS command kills the subscripts (if any) of the glvn without affecting its value. Thus the \$DATA value of the glvn becomes a 0 (if it was 10) or a 1 (if it was an 11).

It should be obvious that the KS and KV together are equivalent to the KILL command.

3.2 Annotated Examples of Use

KVALUE ^ABC(3)

Clears any value of ^ABC(3) but does not affect presence of subscripts.

KSUBSCRIPTS MYVAR

Deletes any subscripts of MYVAR without affecting its value.

KV (A,B,C)

This is analogous to the exclusive KILL command. The value portion of all local variables other than A, B, and C would be cleared (KILLED).

KS (A,B,C)

Only the subscripts of all local variables other than A, B, and C would be KILLed.

3.3 Formalization

I-5.2.11 KILL Command Replace: K[ILL] With:

K[ILL] KV[ALUE] KS[UBSCRIPTS]

Replace: In the first sentence of this section (beginning with: The three argument forms of the KILL ...), add after the word KILL the words: KILL, KVALUE, and KSUBSCRIPTS

Replace: The entire 3rd paragraph begining with: "KILL is defined using a subsidiary function K(V) where V is a glvn." and the 3 subsections labeled: a) b) and c) With:

KILL, KVALUE, and KSUBSCRIPTS are defined using a subsidiary function K(V, val, subs) where V is a glvn, val is 0 or 1, and subs is 0 or 1.

- a) Search for the <u>name</u> V in the NAME-TABLE. If no such entry is found, the function is completed. Otherwise, extract the DATA-CELL pointer and proceed to step b.
- b) If val=1 and subs=1 then in the DATA-CELL identified in step 'a':
 - 1) Let N be the number of subscripts in V. If V is unsubscripted, let N be 0.
 - 2) If N is 0, then delete all tuples. The function is completed.
 - 3) Otherwise (if N > 0), delete all tuples of degree N or greater whose first N subscripts are the same as those in V. The function is completed.
- c) If val=1 and subs=0 then in the DATA-CELL identified in step 'a':
 - 1) If V is unsubscripted, delete the tuple of degree 0 (if found). The function is completed.
 - 2) Otherwise, let N be the number of subscripts in V. Delete (if found) only the tuple of degree N whose first N subscripts are the same as those in V. The function is completed.
- d) If val=0 and subs=1 then in the DATA-CELL identified in step 'a':
 - 1) Let N be the number of subscripts in V. If V is unsubscripted, let N be 0.
 - 2) Delete all tuples of degree N+1 or greater whose first N subscripts are the same as those in V. The function is completed.

Replace: The entire 4th paragraph begining with: "Note that as a result of procedure K ..."

With:

Note that as a result of procedure K(V,1,1), D(V)=0, i.e., the value of V is undefined and V has no descendents.

Note that as a result of procedure K(V,1,0), D(V)=0 if V had no descendents before procedure K was applied, or D(V)=10 if V had descendents before procedure K was applied, i.e., only the value of V is deleted.

Note that as a result of procedure K(V,0,1), D(V)=1 if V had a value before procedure K was applied, or D(V)=0 if V had no descendents before procedure K was applied, i.e., only the descendents of V are deleted.

Replace: The entire section begining with: "The actions of the three forms of KILL are then defined as: With:

a) Selective Kill

Apply procedure:

K(glvn,1,1), if KILL,

K(glvn,1,0), if KVALUE,

K(glvn,0,1), if KSUBSCRIPTS.

b) Exclusive Kill

For all names, V, in the locals NAME-TABLE except

those in the argument list, apply procedure:

K(V,1,1), if KILL,

K(V,1,0), if KVALUE,

K(V,0,1), if KSUBSCRIPTS.

Note that the names in the argument list of an exclusive kill are restricted to unsubscripted locals.

c) Kill All

For all names, V, in the locals NAME-TABLE, apply

procedure:

K(V,1,1), if KILL,

K(V,1,0), if KVALUE,

K(V,0,1), if KSUBSCRIPTS.

Note that 'kill all' applies the 'K' procedure to the

local variable NAME-TABLE only.

4 Implementation Effects

4.1 Affect on Existing User Practices and Investments

Provide significant simplification.

4.2 Affect on Existing Vendor Practices and Implementations

None.

4.3 Techniques and Costs for Compliance Verification

MUMPS program to check \$DATA after executing KVALUE and KSUBSCRIPTS. The following routine is offered as an example of such:

```
TESTKILL ; DJM;
         NEW D SETUP
                                  ;start with known locals
                                  ;KSUBSCRIPTS inclusive
         KS A, B, C
                                  ;'A' should have remained unchanged
         I $D(A)'=1 D ERROR(1)
                                  ; 'B(1)' should have been deleted
         I SD(B)'=0 D ERROR(2)
         I $D(C)'=1 D ERROR(3)
                                  ;Only 'C(1)' should have been deleted
         D SETUP
                                  ; KVALUE inclusive
         KV A, B, C
         I $D(A)'=0 D ERROR(4)
                                  ;'A' should have been deleted
         I $D(B)'=10 D ERROR(5)
                                  ; 'B' should have remained unchanged
         I $D(C)'=10 D ERROR(6)
                                  ;Only 'C' should have been deleted
         D SETUP
                                  ;KSUBSCRIPTS exclusive
         KS (A, B)
                                  ; 'A' should have remained unchanged
         I D(A)'=1 D ERROR(7)
         I $D(B)'=10 D ERROR(8)
                                  ; 'B(1)' should have remained unchained
         I $D(C)'=1 D ERROR(9)
                                  ;Only 'C(1)' should have been deleted
         D SETUP
                                  ; KVALUE exclusive
         KV (A, B)
         I SD(A)'=1 D ERROR(10)
                                  ; 'A' should have remained unchanged
                                  ; 'B(1)' should have remained unchanged
         I SD(B)'=0 D ERROR(11)
         I $D(C)'=10 D ERROR(12); Only 'C' should have been deleted
         W !, "End. " Q
ERROR(N) W !, "Error #", N Q
         S A=1,B(1)=1,C=1,C(1)=1; variables with $d=1, 10, 11
```

4.4 Legal Considerations

None.

5 Closely Related Standards Activities

5.1 Other X11 Proposals Under Consideration

None (SET \$DATA proposal was withdrawn).

5.2 Other Related Standards Efforts

None.

5.3 Recommendations for Coordinating Liaison

None.

6 Associated Documents

Nene.

7 Glossary

None.

8 Appendix

None.